



**DEBRA BOWEN** | SECRETARY OF STATE  
STATE OF CALIFORNIA | ELECTIONS

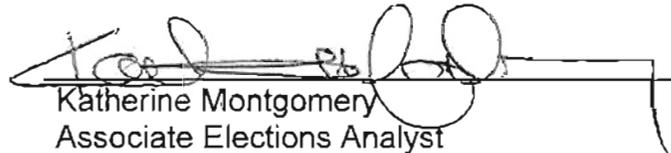
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March 26, 2010

County Clerk/Registrar of Voters (CC/ROV) Memorandum #10105

TO: All County Clerks/Registrars of Voters and Proponent

FROM:

  
Katherine Montgomery  
Associate Elections Analyst

RE: Initiative: 1463, Related to Redistricting

Pursuant to Elections Code section 336, we transmit herewith a copy of the Title and Summary prepared by the Attorney General on a proposed initiative measure entitled:

**TRANSFERS AUTHORITY FOR DRAWING  
CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS FROM ELECTED  
REPRESENTATIVES TO STATE COMMISSION ON  
REDISTRICTING. INITIATIVE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.**

The proponent of the above-named measure is:

Clark Chu

reachchu@gmail.com

#1463

**TRANSFERS AUTHORITY FOR DRAWING  
CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS FROM ELECTED  
REPRESENTATIVES TO STATE COMMISSION ON  
REDISTRICTING. INITIATIVE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.**

**CIRCULATING AND FILING SCHEDULE**

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1. Minimum number of signatures required: .....694,354  
California Constitution, Article II, Section 8(b)
2. Official Summary Date: .....Thursday, 03/25/10
3. Petitions Sections:
  - a. First day Proponent can circulate Sections for  
signatures (Elec. Code § 336) ..... Thursday, 03/25/10
  - b. Last day Proponent can circulate and file with the county.  
All sections are to be filed at the same time within each  
county. (Elec. Codes §§ 336, 9030(a)). ..... Monday, 08/23/10\*
  - c. Last day for county to determine total number of  
signatures affixed to petitions and to transmit total  
to the Secretary of State (Elec. Code § 9030(b)).....Thursday, 09/02/10  
  
(If the Proponent files the petition with the county on a date prior to  
08/23/10, the county has eight working days from the filing of the petition  
to determine the total number of signatures affixed to the petition and to  
transmit the total to the Secretary of State) (Elec. Code § 9030(b)).
  - d. Secretary of State determines whether the total number  
of signatures filed with all county clerks/registrars of  
voters meets the minimum number of required signatures  
and notifies the counties.....Saturday, 09/11/10\*\*
  - e. Last day for county to determine total number of qualified  
voters who signed the petition, and to transmit certificate  
with a blank copy of the petition to the Secretary of State  
(Elec. Code § 9030(d)(e)).....Friday, 10/22/10

\* Date adjusted for official deadline, which falls on a weekend (Elec. Code § 15).

\*\* Date varies based on the date of county receipt.

**INITIATIVE #1463**

**Circulating and Filing Schedule continued:**

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(If the Secretary of State notifies the county to determine the number of qualified voters who signed the petition on a date other than 09/11/10, the last day is no later than the thirtieth working day after the county's receipt of notification). (Elec. Code § 9030(d)(e)).

- f. If the signature count is more than 763,790 or less than 659,637 then the Secretary of State certifies the petition as qualified or failed, and notifies the counties. If the signature count is between 659,637 and 763,790 inclusive, then the Secretary of State notifies the counties using the random sampling technique to determine the validity of **all** signatures (Elec. Code §§ 9030(f)(g), 9031(a)) .....Monday, 11/01/10\*
- g. Last day for county to determine actual number of all qualified voters who signed the petition, and to transmit certificate with a blank copy of the petition to the Secretary of State. (Elec. Code § 9031(b)(c)). ..... Thursday, 12/16/10

(If the Secretary of State notifies the county to determine the number of qualified voters who have signed the petition on a date other than 11/01/10, the last day is no later than the thirtieth working day after the county's receipt of notification.) (Elec. Code § 9031(b)(c).)

- h. Secretary of State certifies whether the petition has been signed by the number of qualified voters required to declare the petition sufficient (Elec. Code §§ 9031(d), 9033) .....Monday, 12/20/10\*

\*Date varies based on the date of county receipt.

## IMPORTANT POINTS

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- California law prohibits the use of signatures, names and addresses gathered on initiative petitions for any purpose other than to qualify the initiative measure for the ballot. This means that the petitions cannot be used to create or add to mailing lists or similar lists for any purpose, including fundraising or requests for support. Any such misuses constitutes a crime under California law. Elections Code section 18650; *Bilofsky v. Deukmejian* (1981) 124 Cal.App.3d 825, 177 Cal.Rptr. 621; 63 Ops.Cal.Atty.Gen. 37 (1980).
- Please refer to Elections Code sections 100, 101, 104, 9001, 9008, 9009, 9021, and 9022 for appropriate format and type consideration in printing, typing and otherwise preparing your initiative petition for circulation and signatures. Please send a copy of the petition after you have it printed. This copy is not for our review or approval, but to supplement our file.
- Your attention is directed to the campaign disclosure requirements of the **Political Reform Act of 1974**, Government Code section 81000 et seq.
- When writing or calling state or county elections officials, provide the official title of the initiative which was prepared by the Attorney General. Use of this title will assist elections officials in referencing the proper file.
- When a petition is presented to the county elections official for filing by someone other than the proponent, the required authorization shall include the name or names of the persons filing the petition.
- When filing the petition with the county elections official, please provide a blank petition for elections official use.

EDMUND G. BROWN JR.  
Attorney General

State of California  
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE



1300 I STREET, SUITE 125  
P.O. BOX 944255  
SACRAMENTO, CA 94244-2550

Public: (916) 445-9555  
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E-Mail: Krystal.Paris@doj.ca.gov

March 25, 2010

Honorable Debra Bowen  
Secretary of State of the State of California  
State of California Elections  
1500 11th Street, 5th Floor  
Sacramento, CA 95814

Attention: Ms. Katherine Montgomery  
Associate Elections Analyst

Dear Secretary Bowen:

Pursuant to Elections Code, section 9004, you are hereby notified that on this day we sent our title and summary for each of the following proposed initiatives to the respective proponent(s):

- 10-0005, "Alcohol-Related Harm and Damage Services Act of 2010."
- 10-0006, "Repeal Mandatory Auto Insurance."
- 10-0007, "Voters FIRST Act for Congress 2021."

A copy of the title and summary and text of each proposed initiative is enclosed. Thank you.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Krystal M. Paris".

KRYSTAL M. PARIS  
Initiative Coordinator

For EDMUND G. BROWN JR.  
Attorney General

**FILED**  
In the office of the Secretary of State  
of the State of California

MAR 25 2010

Debra Bowen, Secretary of State  
By \_\_\_\_\_  
Deputy Secretary of State

March 25, 2010

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Proponents:

**10-0005:**

Josie Whitney

Kent M. Whitney

kjkwhitney@yahoo.com

Confidential:

5220 Fiore Terrace #M 201

San Diego, CA 92122

**10-0006:**

Michael Lee Madsen, Sr.

foramericanow@aol.com

Confidential:

4872 Willowbrook Drive

Sacramento, CA 95842

**10-0007:**

Clark Chu

reachchu@gmail.com

Confidential:

2536 Tulare Ave.

El Cerrito, CA 94530

March 25, 2010  
Initiative 10-0007

The Attorney General of California has prepared the following title and summary of the chief purpose and points of the proposed measure:

**TRANSFERS AUTHORITY FOR DRAWING CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS FROM ELECTED REPRESENTATIVES TO STATE COMMISSION ON REDISTRICTING.**

**INITIATIVE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.** Removes elected representatives from the process of establishing congressional districts and transfers that authority to the recently-authorized 14-member redistricting commission. Redistricting commission is comprised of five Democrats, five Republicans, and four voters registered with neither party. Requires that any newly-proposed district lines be approved by nine commissioners including three Democrats, three Republicans, and three from neither party. Provides that voters will have the authority to reject district boundary maps approved by the commission. Summary of estimate by Legislative Analyst and Director of Finance of fiscal impact on state and local government: **Probably no significant change in state redistricting costs.** (10-0007.)

January 27, 2010

The Honorable Edmund G. Brown  
Attorney General  
1300 I Street  
Sacramento, CA 95814

Attention: Krystal Paris, Initiative Coordinator

Re: Request to Prepare Title and Summary—Initiative Amendment

Dear Mr. Brown,

This letter is to request that the Attorney General prepare a title and summary of the enclosed measure, the "Voters FIRST Act for Congress 2021"

The proponent of this measure is Mr. Clark Chu.

Please also find enclosed the statement required under Elections Code Section 9608, and the address at which I, Mr. Clark Chu, am currently registered to vote, and a check made payable to the State of California in the amount of \$200.00. My address and phone number is set forth in the statement, which I request be kept confidential following the verification of my status as a registered voter.

Please direct any inquiries of the office of Attorney General regarding this request to me at the email address and phone number found on the enclosed statement.

Any member of the public wishing to request to discuss the measure with me may communicate via electronic mail to: reachchu@gmail.com

Sincerely,

Clark Chu

10-0007  
**RECEIVED**  
FEB 02 2010

INITIATIVE COORDINATOR  
ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE

## THE VOTERS FIRST ACT FOR CONGRESS 2021

### SECTION 1. Title.

This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Voters First Act for Congress 2021"

### SEC. 2. Findings and Purpose.

The People of the State of California hereby make the following findings and declare their purpose in enacting this act is as follows:

(a) Under current law, California legislators draw the districts for Congress. Allowing politicians to draw these districts, to make them safe for incumbents, or to tailor the districts for the election of themselves or their friends, or to bar the districts to the election of their adversaries, is a serious abuse that harms voters.

(b) Politicians draw districts that serve their interests, not those of our communities. Cities, counties, and communities are currently split between bizarrely jagged Congressional districts designed to make those districts safe for particular parties and particular incumbents. We need reform to keep our communities together so everyone has representation.

(c) This reform will make the redistricting process for Congress open so it cannot be controlled by whichever party is in power. It will give the redistricting for Congress to the independent Citizens Redistricting Commission, which already has the authority to draw the districts for the Legislature and the Board of Equalization. The membership of the Commission will have three groups of members: five Democrats; five Republicans; and four members registered with neither of those parties, who will carry the voices of independent and minor-party voters who are completely shut out of the current process. The new districts will be fair because support from all three groups is required for approval of any new redistricting plan.

(d) The independent Citizens Redistricting Commission will draw districts based on strict, nonpartisan rules designed to ensure fair representation. This reform takes redistricting of Congress out of the partisan battles of the Legislature and guarantees redistricting for Congress will be debated in the open in public meetings. All minutes will be posted publicly on the Internet. Every aspect of this process will be open to scrutiny by the public and the press.

(e) In the current process, politicians are choosing the voters instead of voters having a real choice. This reform will put the voters back in charge.

### **SEC. 3. Amendment of Article XXI of the California Constitution.**

**SEC. 3.1. Section 1 of Article XXI of the California Constitution is amended to read:**

SEC. 1. In the year following the year in which the national census is taken under the direction of Congress at the beginning of each decade, the Citizens Redistricting Commission described in Section 2 shall adjust the boundary lines of the Congressional, State Senatorial, Assembly, and Board of Equalization districts (also known as "redistricting") in conformance with the following standards and process set forth in Section 2.

~~(a) Each member of Congress shall be elected from a single member district.~~

~~(b) The population of all congressional districts shall be reasonably equal. After following this criterion, the Legislature shall adjust the boundary lines according to the criteria set forth and prioritized in paragraphs (2), (3), (4) and (5) of subdivision (d) of Section 2. The Legislature shall issue, with its final map, a report that explains the basis on which it made its decisions in achieving compliance with these criteria and shall include definitions of the terms and standards used in drawing its final map.~~

~~(e) Congressional districts shall be numbered consecutively commencing at the northern boundary of the State and ending at the southern boundary.~~

~~(d) The Legislature shall coordinate with the Citizens Redistricting Commission established pursuant to Section 2 to hold concurrent hearings, provide access to redistricting data and software, and otherwise ensure full public participation in the redistricting process. The Legislature shall comply with the open hearing requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), (3), and (7) of subdivision (a) of, and subdivision (b) of, Section 8253 of the California Government Code, or its successor provisions of statute.~~

**SEC. 3.2. Section 2 of Article XXI of the California Constitution is amended to read:**

~~SEC. 2. (a) The Citizens Redistricting Commission shall draw new district lines (also known as "redistricting") for State Senate, Assembly, and Board of Equalization districts. This commission shall be created no later than December 31 in 2010, and in each year ending in the number zero thereafter.~~

(b) The Citizens Redistricting Commission (hereinafter the "commission") shall: (1) conduct an open and transparent process enabling full public consideration of and comment on the drawing of district lines; (2) draw district lines according to the redistricting criteria specified in this article; and (3) conduct themselves with integrity and fairness.

(c) (1) The selection process is designed to produce a ~~Citizens Redistricting~~ Commission that is independent from legislative influence and reasonably representative of this State's diversity.

(2) The ~~Citizens Redistricting~~ Commission shall consist of 14 members, as follows: five who are registered with the largest political party in California based on registration, five who are registered with the second largest political party in California based on registration, and four who are not registered with either of the two largest political parties in California based on registration.

(3) Each commission member shall be a voter who has been continuously registered in California with the same political party or unaffiliated with a political party and who has not changed political party affiliation for five or more years immediately preceding the date of his or her appointment. Each commission member shall have voted in at least two of the last three statewide general elections immediately preceding his or her application.

(4) The term of office of each member of the commission expires upon the appointment of the first member of the succeeding commission.

(5) Nine members of the commission shall constitute a quorum. Nine or more affirmative votes shall be required for any official action. The ~~three~~ final redistricting maps must be approved by at least nine affirmative votes which must include at least three votes of members registered from each of the two largest political parties in California based on registration and three votes from members who are not registered with either of these two political parties.

(6) Each commission member shall apply this article in a manner that is impartial and that reinforces public confidence in the integrity of the redistricting process. A commission member shall be ineligible for a period of ten years beginning from the date of appointment to hold elective public office at the federal, state, county or city level in this State. A member of the commission shall be ineligible for a period of five years beginning from the date of appointment to hold appointive federal, state, or local public office, to serve as paid staff for, or as a paid consultant to, the Board of Equalization, the Congress, the Legislature, or any individual legislator, or to register as a federal, state or local lobbyist in this State.

(d) The commission shall establish single-member districts for the Senate, Assembly, Congress, and State Board of Equalization pursuant to a mapping process using the following criteria as set forth in the following order of priority:

(1) Districts shall comply with the United States Constitution. Congressional districts shall achieve population equality as nearly as is practicable, and Senatoriale, Assembly, and State Board of Equalization districts shall have reasonably equal population with other districts for the same office, except where deviation is required to comply with the federal Voting Rights Act or allowable by law.

(2) Districts shall comply with the federal Voting Rights Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1971 and following).

(3) Districts shall be geographically contiguous.

(4) The geographic integrity of any city, county, city and county, local neighborhood, or community of interest shall be respected in a manner that minimizes their division to the extent possible without violating the requirements of any of the preceding subdivisions. A community of interest is a population which shares common social and economic interests that should be included within a single district for purposes of its effective and fair representation. Examples of such shared interests are those common to an urban area, a rural area, an industrial area, or an agricultural area, and those common to areas in which the people share similar living standards, use the same transportation facilities, have similar work opportunities, or have access to the same media of communication relevant to the election process. Communities of interest shall not include relationships with political parties, incumbents, or political candidates.

(5) To the extent practicable, and where this does not conflict with the criteria above, districts shall be drawn to encourage geographical compactness such that nearby areas of population are not bypassed for more distant population.

(6) To the extent practicable, and where this does not conflict with the criteria above, each Senate district shall be comprised of two whole, complete, and adjacent Assembly districts, and each Board of Equalization district shall be comprised of 10 whole, complete, and adjacent Senate districts.

(e) The place of residence of any incumbent or political candidate shall not be considered in the creation of a map. Districts shall not be drawn for the purpose of favoring or discriminating against an incumbent, political candidate, or political party.

(f) Districts for the Congress, Senate, Assembly, and State Board of Equalization shall be numbered consecutively commencing at the northern boundary of the State and ending at the southern boundary.

(g) ~~By September 15~~ August 30 in 2011, ~~and in each year ending in the number one thereafter,~~ the commission shall approve three final maps that separately set forth the district boundary lines for the Senatoriale, Assembly, and State Board of Equalization districts. Upon approval, the commission shall certify the three final maps to the Secretary of State. By August

30 in 2021, and in each year ending in the number one thereafter, the commission shall approve four final maps that separately set forth the district boundary lines for the Congressional, Senatorial, Assembly, and State Board of Equalization districts. Upon approval, the commission shall certify the four final maps to the Secretary of State.

(h) The commission shall issue, with each of the ~~three~~ final maps, a report that explains the basis on which the commission made its decisions in achieving compliance with the criteria listed in subdivision (d) and shall include definitions of the terms and standards used in drawing each final map.

(i) Each certified final map shall be subject to referendum in the same manner that a statute is subject to referendum pursuant to Section 9 of Article II. The date of certification of a final map to the Secretary of State shall be deemed the enactment date for purposes of Section 9 of Article II.

(j) If the commission does not approve a final map by at least the requisite votes or if voters disapprove a certified final map in a referendum, the Secretary of State shall immediately petition the California Supreme Court for an order directing the appointment of special masters to adjust the boundary lines of that map in accordance with the redistricting criteria and requirements set forth in subdivisions (d), (e), and (f). Upon its approval of the masters' map, the court shall certify the resulting map to the Secretary of State, which map shall constitute the certified final map for the subject type of district.

**SEC. 3.3. Section 3 of Article XXI of the California Constitution is amended to read:**

SEC. 3. (a) The commission has the sole legal standing to defend any action regarding a certified final map, and shall inform the Legislature if it determines that funds or other resources provided for the operation of the commission are not adequate. The Legislature shall provide adequate funding to defend any action regarding a certified map. The commission has sole authority to determine whether the Attorney General or other legal counsel retained by the commission shall assist in the defense of a certified final map.

(b) (1) The California Supreme Court has original and exclusive jurisdiction in all proceedings in which a certified final map is challenged or is claimed not to have taken timely effect.

(2) Any registered voter in this state may file a petition for a writ of mandate or writ of prohibition, within 45 days after the commission has certified a final map to the Secretary of State, to bar the Secretary of State from implementing the plan on the grounds that the filed plan violates this Constitution, the United States Constitution, or any federal or state statute. Any registered voter in this state may also file a petition for a writ of mandate or writ of prohibition to seek relief where a certified final map is subject to a referendum measure that is likely to qualify and stay the timely implementation of the map.

(3) The California Supreme Court shall give priority to ruling on a petition for a writ of mandate or a writ of prohibition filed pursuant to paragraph (2). If the court determines that a final certified map violates this Constitution, the United States Constitution, or any federal or state statute, the court shall fashion the relief that it deems appropriate, including, but not limited to, the relief set forth in Section 2, subdivision (j).

**SEC. 4. Conflicting Ballot Propositions.**

(a) In the event this measure and another measure or measures relating to the redistricting of Senatorial, Assembly, Congressional, or Board of Equalization districts are approved by a majority of voters at the same election, and this measure receives a greater number of affirmative votes than any other such measure or measures, this measure shall control in its entirety and the other measure or measures shall be rendered void and without any legal effect. If this measure is approved by a majority of the voters but does not receive a greater number of affirmative votes than the other measure or measures, this measure shall take effect to the extent permitted by law.

(b) If this measure is approved by voters but is superseded in whole or in part by the provisions of any other conflicting measure approved by the voters and receiving a greater number of affirmative votes at the same election, and the conflicting measure or any superseding provisions thereof are subsequently held to be invalid, the formerly superseded provisions of this measure shall be self-executing and given full force of law.

**SEC. 5. Severability.**

The provisions of this act are severable. If any provision of this act or its application is held to be invalid, that invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications that can be given effect in the absence of the invalid provision or application.