August 13, 2021

County Clerk/Registrar of Voters (CC/ROV) Memorandum #21135

TO: All County Clerks/Registrars of Voters

FROM: /s/ Jana M. Lean

Chief, Elections Division

RE: California Gubernatorial Recall Election: Surrendering Vote-by-Mail Ballots

This memorandum is intended to provide a reminder of the procedures for surrendering vote-by-mail ballots and is not intended to affect any process a county may have in place for the drop-off of a voted vote-by-mail ballot. It does not change the guidance provided in CCROVs issued during the 2020 election cycle; it only updates prior guidance considering the different methods by which counties are conducting the September 14, 2021, California Gubernatorial Recall Election. (See attached chart identifying the six methods.)

A surrendered vote-by-mail ballot is one that the voter does not intend to cast–rather the voter is returning it to receive a nonprovisional (also referred to as "live," "regular," or "polling place") ballot. A nonprovisional ballot is one that will be placed directly into the ballot box; it will not go into an identification envelope.

The process of surrendering vote-by-mail ballots and the issuance of nonprovisional or provisional ballots is provided in Elections Code sections 3015 and 3016. These code sections apply to all counties regardless of how the election is conducted.

Issuance of Nonprovisional Ballots

If a vote-by-mail voter appears at a vote center or consolidated polling place (counties using Method #1, #2, or #3), at their designated polling place on Election Day (counties using Method #4 or #5), or the regular or satellite office of their elections official where voting is permitted on or before Election Day, that voter **shall be permitted to vote a nonprovisional ballot** if <u>either</u> of the following conditions is satisfied:

1) The voter surrenders his or her vote-by-mail ballot

-OR-

- 2) The voter is unable to surrender his or her vote-by-mail ballot, but the precinct board, vote center election board, or elections official does all of the following:
 - (a) Verifies that the voter has not returned his or her voted vote-by-mail ballot, and
 - (b) Notates the voter's voter record to ensure that the voter's vote-by-mail ballot is not cast or tabulated after he or she votes at the polls.

(Elec. Code, § 3015.)

Any vote-by-mail voter who properly surrenders a vote-by-mail ballot (or the voting location meets Section 3015's conditions) and is issued a nonprovisional ballot must sign the roster/index/electronic poll book or any roster supplement. (Elec. Code, §§ 14105(a), 14107, 14109, 14216.)

Issuance of Provisional Ballots

A vote-by-mail voter **shall be issued a provisional ballot**, in accordance with Section 14310, if:

- 1) The voter is unable to surrender his or her vote-by-mail ballot and
- 2) The precinct board, vote center election board, or elections official cannot:
 - (a) Verify if the voter has returned his or her voted vote-by-mail ballot, and
 - (b) Notate the voter's voter record accordingly.

-OR-

3) The voter is unable to surrender his or her vote-by-mail ballot <u>and</u> the precinct board or elections official (in a county using Method #4 or #5) cannot readily determine if the voter is in the correct polling location.

(Elec. Code, §§ 3016, 14310(f).)

Vote-by-Mail Identification Envelopes and Multiple Ballot Requests

Elections Code section 3015, which provides for the surrender of vote-by-mail ballots, does not require voters to surrender their vote-by-mail ballot envelopes in order to receive a nonprovisional ballot. Section 3015 only requires the surrender of "vote by mail voter ballots." Requiring a voter to surrender their vote-by-mail ballot envelope

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along with their vote-by-mail ballot to receive a nonprovisional ballot is contrary to the provisions of Section 3015.

To ensure that a voter who has surrendered their vote-by-mail ballot is not issued multiple ballots, the following safeguards for the ballot auditing processes can be employed.

One option is to consider suspending the processing of returned vote-by-mail ballots for voters who requested multiple ballots after you generate your rosters. These ballots could be separated for processing after Election Day and after the polling place voter history has been applied to your EMS.

A second option is to work with your EMS vendor to add a notation on the roster you send to the polls to indicate that a voter was issued multiple vote-by-mail ballots. If the voter cannot surrender *both* (*or all*) of the ballots that were issued to them, you must require them to vote provisionally, unless the specified conditions apply.

Counties using Method #1, #2, or #3: Suggested Reminder for Election Workers

You may wish to provide to your vote center/consolidated polling place workers the following information regarding provisional ballots:

As a [vote center or poll] worker, you have a duty to assist in the administration of the election. You should *never* turn a voter away from the vote center. A voter *always* has the right to cast a ballot, although scenarios will arise where a voter may not be able to cast a nonprovisional ballot (a ballot that goes directly into the ballot box) and he or she will be required to vote a provisional ballot (a ballot that goes into an envelope).

A provisional ballot is used in a polling location when:

- A voter's name does not appear on any of the roster lists provided.
 - In this instance, the voter can conditionally register to vote (CVR) and vote a CVR provisional ballot (unless "Instant CVR" is available).
- A voter's name (unless it is a changed surname) or address is different than that listed on the roster lists.
 - In this instance, the voter can conditionally re-register to vote and vote a CVR provisional ballot (unless "Instant CVR" is available).
- A voter with "Proof of Residence Required" next to his or her name in the roster is unable to provide proof of residence.
 - The "Proof of Residence" requirement can be satisfied with over 30 acceptable documents listed in your poll worker handbook. A photo ID is acceptable but is not required to satisfy proof of residence.
- A voter is challenged by a member of the election board (not by a member of the public), and the challenge is not resolved in his or her favor.

• A voter's voter record indicates that they have already cast a ballot.

Counties using Method #4 or #5: Suggested Reminder for Poll Workers

You may wish to provide to your poll workers the following information regarding provisional ballots:

As a poll worker, you have a duty to assist in the administration of the election. You should *never* turn a voter away from the polls. A voter *always* has the right to cast a ballot, although scenarios will arise where a voter may not be able to cast a nonprovisional ballot (a ballot that goes directly into the ballot box) and he or she will be required to vote a provisional ballot (a ballot that goes into an envelope).

A provisional ballot is used in a polling place when:

- A voter's name does not appear on any of the roster lists provided.
 - o In this instance, the voter can conditionally register to vote (CVR) and vote a CVR provisional ballot (unless "Instant CVR" is available).
- A voter is at the wrong precinct and their ballot is not available at your location, but the voter still wants to vote at this polling site.
- A vote-by-mail voter wants to vote at this precinct, but cannot surrender his or her vote-by-mail ballot, and your location
 - cannot verify if the voter has already returned his or her voted vote-by-mail ballot and cannot notate the voter's voter record accordingly.

-OR-

- o cannot determine if the voter is in the correct polling location.
- A voter's name (unless it is a changed surname) or address is different than that listed on the roster lists.
 - In this instance, the voter can conditionally re-register to vote and vote a CVR provisional ballot (unless "Instant CVR" is available).
- A voter with "Proof of Residence Required" next to his or her name in the roster is unable to provide proof of residence.
 - The "Proof of Residence" requirement can be satisfied with over 30 acceptable documents listed in your poll worker handbook. A photo ID is acceptable but is not required to satisfy proof of residence.
- A voter is challenged by a member of the precinct board (not a member of the public), and the challenge is not resolved in his or her favor.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact Rachelle Delucchi at rdelucch@sos.ca.gov. Thank you.

Attachment

September 14, 2021, California Gubernatorial Recall Election

| California Gubernatorial Recall Election | | | |
|--|--|--|---|
| Method of Conducting Election | Election Specifics | | Authority |
| Method #1 - Existing Voter's Choice Act (VCA) - Vote Centers | In-Person Voting Locations: no change; 1 per 50,000 voters OR at least 2 at a minimum; must open vote centers E-10 through E-4 for a minimum of 8 hours a day. (can open vote centers before E-10, if desired) In-Person Voting Locations: no change; 1 per 10,000 voters, at a minimum; must open vote centers E-3 through E-1 for a minimum of 8 hours a day; on Election Day from 7am - 8pm. (can open vote centers before E-3, if desired) Ballot Drop-off Locations: no change; must have at least 2 OR 1 per 15,000 voters (whichever results in the greater number of locations); E-28 through Election Day open at a minimum during regular business hours (EC sections 4005, 4007) 1 Exterior Drop Box: no change; E-28 through Election Day open a minimum of 12 hours | | Election conducted under EC sections 4005-4007 Number of locations required based on voter registration numbers determined by February 10, 2021, Report of Registration |
| OR | | | |
| Method #2 - Existing Voter's Choice Act (VCA) - Vote Centers [Must have conducted a prior election pursuant to either Elections Code section 4005 or 4007] | In-Person Voting Locations: 1 per 60,000 voters - must have at least 1 at a minimum: must open vote centers E-10 through E-4 for 8 hours a day at regular hours convenient for the public. For jurisdictions with less than 60,000 voters, a minimum of 1 vote center. (can open vote centers before E-10, if desired) In-Person Voting Locations: 1 per 30,000 voters - must have at least 1 at a minimum: must open vote centers E-3 through E-1 for 8 hours a day at regular hours convenient for the public; on Election Day from 7am - 8pm. (can open vote centers before E-3, if desired) Ballot Drop-off Locations: no change; must have at least 2 OR 1 per 15,000 voters (whichever results in the greater number of locations); E-28 through Election Day open at a minimum during regular business hours (EC sections 4005, 4007) | | Election conducted under EC section 1601 Number of locations required based on voter registration numbers determined by February 10, 2021, Report of Registration |
| | 1 Exterior Drop Box: no change; E-28 through Election Day open a minimum of 12 hours | | |
| Method #3 - Consolidated Polling Place - "VCA-Like" Vote Centers - Countywide Voting | In-Person Voting Locations: 1 per 10,000 voters; must open consolidated polling places E-3 through E-1 for 8 hours a day; on Election Day from 7am - 8pm; voters can vote anywhere in the county 1 In-Person Voting Location: E-28 though Election Day must offer full services (EC section 1602(d)(1)) and urged to offer appointments at this location Ballot Drop-off Locations: must have at least 2 OR 1 per 15,000 voters (whichever results in the greater number of locations); E-28 though Election Day open at a minimum during regular business hours 1 Exterior Drop Box: E-28 though Election Day open a minimum of 12 hours | | Election conducted under EC section 1602(b), (c), (d) Number of locations required based on voter registration numbers determined by February 10, 2021, Report of Registration |
| OR | | | |
| Method #4 - Consolidated Polling Place - "VCA-Like" Quasi- Vote Centers - Voters Assigned to Specific Location | In-Person Voting Locations: 1 per 10,000 voters; must open consolidated polling places E-3 through E-1 for 8 hours a day; on Election Day from 7am - 8pm; voters assigned to specific voting location 1 In-Person Voting Location: E-28 though Election Day must offer full services (EC section 1602(d)(1)) and urged to offer appointments at this location Ballot Drop-off Locations: must have at least 2 OR 1 per 15,000 voters (whichever results in the greater number of locations); E-28 though Election Day open at a minimum during regular business hours 1 Exterior Drop Box: E-28 though Election Day open a minimum of 12 hours | | Election conducted under EC section 1602(b), (c), (d) Number of locations required based on voter registration numbers determined by February 10, 2021, Report of Registration |
| | | | |
| Method #5 - Traditional Polling Place | In-Person Voting Locations: Open on Election Day from 7am - 8pm Ballot Drop-off Locations: At County Discretion | | Election conducted under EC section 12223; see also, EC section 1602(a) |
| Method #6 - | Only applies to Alpine, Plumas and Sierra Counties: counties will continue to run their election as an All-Mail Ballot Election | | Floring conducted and 50 |
| All Mail Ballot | Ballot Drop-off Locations: At County Discretion | | Election conducted under EC section 3005 |